NEEDS AND PRIORITIES

AT A GLANCE

PEOPLE TARGETED WITH HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

- **More than 1.5 million people**
- **Between 1 and 1.5 million people**
- **Less than 1 million people**

PEOPLE IN NEED

- **18 million**

PEOPLE TARGETED

- **13 million**

REQUIREMENTS (US$)

- **$114 million**

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1

Improve the nutrition status of the most vulnerable people using a holistic approach that includes food security and screening for acute malnutrition.

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 2

Reduce preventable mortality and morbidity through access to basic health services, as well as access to improved water, sanitation and hygiene services.

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 3

Build the resilience of the most vulnerable people in DPRK to recurrent disasters, particularly floods and drought.

DPRK SEASONAL HAZARD CALENDAR

- **Lean season**
- **Flood risk**
- **Drought risk**
- **Freezing risk if no snow cover**

**Dry season**

- **February**
- **March**
- **April**
- **May**
- **June**
- **July**
- **August**
- **September**
- **October**
- **November**
- **December**

**Rainy season**

- **January**

*The lean season primarily impacts Public Distribution System (PDS) dependant households*  
Global Hunger Index, 2016

OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES

- **More than 10 activities**
- **6 - 10 activities**
- **3 - 6 activities**
- **Less than 3 activities**

UNDERNUTRITION

- **41%**

WATER AND SANITATION

- **1 out of 5**

people do not have access to clean water and adequate sanitation  
Global Hunger Index, 2016
The overall goal in DPRK is to support and reinforce national efforts to ensure people’s health and well-being, especially the most vulnerable, and to build their resilience. To achieve this, the DPRK Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) has agreed on the following strategic objectives in 2017:

**IMPROVING NUTRITION**

Improve the nutrition status of the most vulnerable people using a holistic approach that includes food security and screening for acute malnutrition (wasting). Partners will work to ensure that the most vulnerable people, particularly pregnant and breastfeeding women and under-five children, have access to sufficient nutritious and therapeutic food, and that acutely undernourished children are effectively treated and supported through optimal infant and young child feeding practices.

**ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES**

Reduce preventable mortality and morbidity; partners will ensure that the most vulnerable people, including children, women, people with disabilities and the elderly, have access to basic health services including maternal, newborn and child health, and immunizations, as well as access to improved water, sanitation and hygiene services.

**STRENGTHEN RESILIENCE**

Build the resilience of the most vulnerable people in DPRK to recurrent disasters, particularly floods and drought. Partners will ensure life-saving assistance meets the different needs of the most vulnerable people affected by disasters and that the DPRK Government and communities have the capacity to prepare for, respond to, and recover from shocks related to natural disasters.

The overall goal of humanitarian interventions in DPRK and the strategic objectives of the HCT’s engagement in country is to reduce future humanitarian needs. The protracted nature of the situation makes it difficult to delineate the boundaries between humanitarian and development interventions, and these objectives are consistent and complementary with the UN Strategic Framework (2017-2021).

In addition to addressing chronic food insecurity and undernutrition across the country, humanitarian partners will increase access to basic services for the most vulnerable people, particularly health and water, sanitation and hygiene services, while building local capacity to respond to disasters that regularly impact the country.
The total number of people in need (PIN) is an estimated 18 million people. This is calculated using the Food Security PIN has the highest number, and is calculated as the total number of people who depend on the PDS.

The total population targeted with humanitarian assistance in 2017 by humanitarian partners is 13 million. This is based on the highest number of people targeted with some form of life-saving assistance by age group and province, which is the Health Sector. All population groups are disaggregated by sex and age (as much as possible) as well as by geographic location (see annex).

The total funding requirement for the plan is US$114 million. The humanitarian response has been prioritized and seeks to address critical humanitarian needs over the next year.

### Summary of Needs, Targets & Requirements

#### People in Need

- **18M**

#### People Targeted

- **13M**

#### Funding Requirements (US$)

- **$114M**

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>People in need (PIN)</th>
<th>People targeted*</th>
<th>% of PIN targeted</th>
<th>Food Security</th>
<th>Nutrition</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>WASH</th>
<th>TOTAL**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18,000,000</td>
<td>4,261,635</td>
<td>12,952,601</td>
<td>72%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>84%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>2,032,097</td>
<td>2,229,538</td>
<td>901,353</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>77,346</td>
<td>78,829</td>
<td>1,608,490</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>1,608,490</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>1,608,490</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>1,608,490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male %</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female %</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>2,197,020</td>
<td>2,286,934</td>
<td>214,250</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>50,511</td>
<td>53,124</td>
<td>239,351</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male %</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female %</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Total per sector accounts for double-counting within the sector  ** Total figure is not the total of the column as it accounts for double counting
## Summary of Funding

### Participating Organizations & Funding Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ORGANIZATIONS</th>
<th>REQUIREMENTS (US$)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>World Food Programme (WFP)</td>
<td>45,930,575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>World Health Organization (WHO)</td>
<td>22,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN Children’s Fund (UNICEF)</td>
<td>18,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)</td>
<td>10,120,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN Population Fund (UNFPA)</td>
<td>4,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save the Children</td>
<td>3,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Première Urgence International</td>
<td>2,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concern Worldwide</td>
<td>2,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deutsche Welthungerhilfe</td>
<td>2,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triangle Génération Humanitaire</td>
<td>1,552,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handicap International</td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>113,502,775</strong>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* This does not include $1.2 million for SDC and $730,000 for FIDA/FAHRP that are fully funded.

### Funding Requirement by Sector

- **US$39M**
  - Nutrition
- **US$37M**
  - Health
- **US$30M**
  - Food Security
- **US$8M**
  - WASH
### DPR KOREA: 2016 YEAR IN REVIEW

#### KEY ACHIEVEMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PEOPLE AFFECTED</th>
<th>PEOPLE IN NEED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>18 million</strong></td>
<td><strong>13 million</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **90%** of under-five children had access to community-based management of acute malnutrition services (expanded geographically in 2016).

- **1.2 million** children, and pregnant and breastfeeding women reached with nutritious food.

- **1.7 million** under-five children received oral re-hydration solution sachets.

- **130,000** pregnant women were able to access emergency life-saving reproductive healthcare at 223 hospitals.

- **50%** reduction in post-harvest losses, equivalent to food for 6,800 people.

- **31%** reduction in malaria cases.

- **25%** improved seed production increased by up to 25%.

- **96%** immunization coverage increased from 43% in 1998 to 96% in 2016.

- **2,640** people with disabilities (including 1,152 women) received functional rehabilitation care.